Ohio Medicaid
Pharmacy Benefit Management Program

Unified Preferred Drug List
Medicaid Fee-for-Service and Managed Care Plans

Effective April 15, 2022
Helpful Links

**Prior Authorization**
Prior Authorization (PA) Information | pharmacy.medicaid.ohio.gov
- General Prior Authorization Requirements
- PA and Step Therapy Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

**Unified Preferred Drug List (UPDL)**
Ohio Unified Preferred Drug List | pharmacy.medicaid.ohio.gov
- Unified Preferred Drug List (UPDL)

The Statewide PDL is not an all-inclusive list of drugs covered by Ohio Department of Medicaid.

Medications that are new to market will be non-preferred until reviewed by Ohio Department of Medicaid's Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee.

The list is set up in sections defined by therapeutic class. Products are listed by generic name if the generic is available. In most cases, a brand-name drug for which a generic product is available will be non-preferred. Some medications may require a specific manufacturer or the brand to be dispensed.

Ohio Department of Medicaid will not cover medications not part of the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program unless indicated.

Grandfathered categories will be denoted with a * next to their title on the table of contents.
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**Analgesic Agents: NSAIDs**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:**

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<th>Approval Duration</th>
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<tr>
<td>H. Pylori Treatment</td>
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<td>90 days</td>
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<td>All Other Treatments</td>
<td>365 days</td>
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**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**

Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

The requested medication may be approved if the member had a 30 day trial and failure with **two medications** not requiring prior approval.

AR – Naproxen Suspension: a PA is required for patients over 12 years old
**Analgesic Agents: Gout**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:**
365 Days

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to an agent not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval.
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**
The requested medication may be approved if the following is true:
- Febuxostat will be approved after 30-day trial of maximum allopurinol dose, or intolerance/contraindication to allopurinol.
- Colchicine tablets will be approved if any one of the following is true:
  - Diagnosis of Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF) (180-day approval); OR
  - Trial of one of the following within the last 30 days:
    - NSAID (i.e., indomethacin, naproxen, ibuprofen, sulindac, ketoprofen)
    - Oral corticosteroid
- Colchicine capsules can be approved if the patient had a trial and failure with colchicine tablets
- Gloperba will be approved if the patient is unable to swallow colchicine tablets or capsules and if all of following are met:
  - Patient is using Gloperba for the prevention of gout flares
  - Trial of one of the following within the last 30 days:
    - NSAID (i.e., indomethacin, naproxen, ibuprofen, sulindac, ketoprofen)
    - Oral corticosteroid

* Colchicine quantity limit 6/claim for acute gout, 60/30 days for chronic gout after trial on xanthine oxidase inhibitor, 120/30 days for FMF
* Gloperba quantity limit is 1.2 mg per day
Analgesic Agents: Opioids

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:
For the course of therapy, up to 180 days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to at least two unrelated medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
- Patient must have failed the generic product (if covered by the state) before brand is authorized, in addition to the above.

ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
- There must have been an inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 7 days of one preferred product.

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR EXCEEDING SHORT-ACTING OPIOID NEW START CRITERIA
- System will define “new start” as having less than a 1-day supply of opioids in the previous 90 days
- Patients receiving short-acting opioids for certain conditions are exempt from these requirements: active cancer treatment, palliative care, and end-of-life/hospice care, sickle cell, severe burn, traumatic crushing of tissue, amputation, major orthopedic surgery
- Attestation that patient is not opioid naive will exempt patients from these requirements, for example:
  - If patient is newly eligible for Medicaid and there is no prior claims data
  - If patient was on a higher dose in the hospital
- To exceed acute opioid limits patient must have:
  - Trialed and failed non-pharmacologic treatments and/or non-opioid analgesics ineffective or contraindicated
  - Diagnosis code must be submitted and should be for somatic type pain
  - Benefits and risks of opioid therapy have been discussed with patient (attestation documented on prior authorization form)
  - Prescriber has checked OARRS (attestation documented on prior authorization form)
- Length of authorization: Up to 90 days, depending on the indication, previous patient utilization, and requested length of therapy (could be more restrictive)
ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR TRANSMUCOSAL FENTANYL:

- Diagnosis of cancer pain; and
- Prescription is from oncologist or pain specialist; and
- Concurrently taking a long-acting opioid at therapeutic dose (any of the following for ≥7 days without adequate pain relief):
  - ≥ 60 mg oral morphine/day, or
  - ≥ 25 mcg/hr transdermal fentanyl, or
  - ≥ 30 mg oral oxycodone/day, or
  - ≥ 8 mg oral hydromorphone/day, or
  - ≥ 25 mg oral oxymorphone/day, or
  - Equianalgesic dose of another opioid; and
- Dose is ≤ 4 units per day

ALL LONG-ACTING OPIOIDS REQUIRE PRIOR AUTHORIZATION:

- Initial request (90-day approval)
  - Catastrophic injury or cancer pain does not require additional documentation (documentation should be provided as part of prior authorization form)
  - All other causes of pain:
    - Documented treatment plan including risk assessment, substance abuse history, concurrent therapies
    - OARRS checked within 7 days prior to initiating long-acting therapy
    - Documentation of pain and function scores at each visit
    - Baseline urine drug test submitted and treatment plan includes requirements for random urine screens
    - Opioid contract required to be in place and should be submitted with prior authorization form
    - Documented failure of both non-opioid pharmacologic and non-pharmacologic treatments
    - History of short-acting opioids for ≥ 60 days
    - Daily Dose ≤ 80 MED
- Renewal requests (after initial 90 days then every 180 days)
  - Current treatment plan
  - Demonstrated adherence to treatment plan through progress notes including pain and function scores and random urine screens results reviewed and concerns addressed, no serious adverse outcomes observed
- Dose escalation requests
  - Prescriber indicates escalation of dose is likely to result in improved function and pain control
  - Daily Dose >100 MED requires pain specialist or anesthesiologist consultation

Effective July 1, 2018, patients with short acting opioid therapy will be limited to 30 MED per prescription and a maximum of 7 days per prescription. Prior authorization will be required to exceed these limits.
Blood Formation, Coagulation, and Thrombosis Agents: Hematopoietic Agents

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: Dependent upon diagnosis

Approval of epoetin alfa or darbepoetin:

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<tr>
<th>Diagnosis</th>
<th>Hemoglobin Level</th>
<th>Approval Length</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anemia due to chronic renal failure, patient on dialysis</td>
<td>&lt;=11</td>
<td>365 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anemia due to chronic renal failure, patient not on dialysis</td>
<td>&lt;=10</td>
<td>365 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemotherapy-induced anemia</td>
<td>&lt;=10</td>
<td>90 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anemia in myelodysplastic syndrome</td>
<td>&lt;=11</td>
<td>180 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Approval of epoetin alfa only (not darbepoetin):

<table>
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<th>Diagnosis</th>
<th>Hemoglobin Level</th>
<th>Approval Length</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>Autologous blood donation, patient will require blood transfusions</td>
<td>&gt;10, &lt;=13</td>
<td>30 days</td>
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<tr>
<td>Anemia of prematurity, age &lt;=6 months</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>42 days</td>
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<tr>
<td>Anemia associated with chronic inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis)</td>
<td>&lt;=11</td>
<td>180 days</td>
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<td>Anemia associated with ribavirin combination therapy in hepatitis C-infected patient</td>
<td>&lt;=11</td>
<td>180 days</td>
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<td>Anemia in zidovudine-treated HIV-infected patients</td>
<td>&lt;=11</td>
<td>180 days</td>
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PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. Has the patient failed a therapeutic trial of 14 days with one preferred medication?
Blood Formation, Coagulation, and Thrombosis Agents: Colony Stimulating Factors

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:

Approval based upon diagnosis:

<table>
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<th>Diagnosis</th>
<th>Approval Length</th>
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<td>Malignancy at risk for febrile neutropenia or undergoing myeloablative</td>
<td>14 days or duration of chemotherapy regimen</td>
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<td>chemotherapy prior to allogeneic or autologous bone marrow transplantation</td>
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<td>Myeloid Engraftment for bone marrow transplant (BMT)</td>
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<td>Severe, chronic neutropenia with absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of less</td>
<td>30 days</td>
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<td>than 500/mm³ and have symptoms associated with neutropenia (e.g. fever,</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>infections, oropharyngeal ulcers).</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Hematopoietic radiation injury syndrome</td>
<td>30 days</td>
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Prior Authorization Criteria:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   ☐ Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   ☐ Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   ☐ History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. Has the patient failed a therapeutic trial of 14 days with one preferred medication?
3. Will the medication be used for an approved FDA indication and duration?
Blood Formation, Coagulation, and Thrombosis Agents: Hemophilia Factors*

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 365 Days

**GRANDFATHERING:**
Patients who have a claim for a non-preferred drug in the previous 120 days will be automatically approved to continue the drug through the automated PA system. Patients who have taken the drug previously, but do not have claims history (e.g. new to Medicaid), will be approved for PA after prescriber contact.

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot use a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. Has the patient failed one preferred medication?
3. For extended half-life factors, prescribing physician attests that patient is not a suitable candidate for treatment with shorter-acting half-life product.
4. If Rebinyn is requested, confirmation that it is not being used for routine prophylaxis
5. Approval based upon diagnosis and dosage appropriate to weight, patient pharmacokinetic factors, and presence of inhibitors.
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:  Varies based upon criteria below

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. Has the patient failed a therapeutic trial of 14 days with a medication not requiring prior approval?

DURATION OF THERAPY LIMIT:  35 days
Guidelines from the American College of Chest Physicians limit duration of therapy in the outpatient setting for most indications to less than 35 days. Patients should be transitioned to oral warfarin as soon as possible.

Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to oral warfarin? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Patients with cancer (approved up to 180 days),
   - Pregnant women (approved up to 280 days), or
   - Patients unable to take warfarin (approved up to 180 days).
INDICATION AND LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATION:
Requested medication must be used for an approved FDA indication and duration

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. Has the patient failed a 14-day trial with two medications not requiring prior approval?
Blood Formation, Coagulation, and Thrombosis Agents:
Oral Antiplatelet

**INDICATION AND LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATION:**
Requested medication must be used for an approved FDA indication and duration

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. Has the patient failed a 14-day trial with two medications not requiring prior approval?
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

CORLANOR CRITERIA:
Ivabradine (Corlanor) may be approved if all of the following are met:
1. Diagnosis of stable, symptomatic heart failure, and
2. Left ventricular ejection fraction less than or equal to 35%, and
3. Resting heart rate 70 bpm or higher, and
4. Patient in sinus rhythm, and
5. Heart failure symptoms persisting with maximally tolerated doses of beta blockers, or patient has a contraindication to beta blocker therapy.

ENTRESTO CRITERIA:
Valsartan/sacubitril (Entresto) may be approved if all the following are met:
1. Diagnosis of chronic heart failure (NYHA Class II-IV), and
2. Reduced left ventricular ejection fraction

ALISKIREN AND TEKTURNA HCT CRITERIA:
Aliskiren and Tekturna HCT may be approved if all the following are met:
1. A 30-day trial of any one preferred anti-hypertensive agent

VERQUVO CRITERIA:
1. Patient must meet all the following criteria:
   - Diagnosis of symptomatic chronic heart failure (NYHA Class II-IV), and
   - Left ventricular ejection fraction less than 45%, and
   - Patient has been hospitalized for the treatment of heart failure within the previous 180 days or needs treatment with an outpatient intravenous diuretic within the previous 90 days, and
   - Patient must be treated with an agent from ALL the following medication classes unless contradicted:
     - Angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, angiotensin II receptor blocker, or an angiotensin receptor neprilysin inhibitor
     - Beta-blocker
     - Aldosterone antagonist and/or SGLT2 inhibitor as appropriate for renal function
KERENDIA CRITERIA:
1. Patient must meet all the following criteria:
   - A diagnosis of Chronic Kidney Disease due to Type 2 Diabetes
   - Be on maximum tolerated dose of an angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker
   - Allergy, intolerance, or inadequate response to an SGLT2 Inhibitor

ADDITIONAL APPROVAL CRITERIA:
1. The requested medication may be approved if both of the following are true:
   - If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 30-day trial of at least two medications within the same class not requiring prior approval
   - The requested medication’s corresponding generic (if covered by the state) has been attempted and failed or is contraindicated
2. If there is a specific indication for a medication requiring prior approval, for which medications not requiring prior approval are not indicated, then may approve the requested medication. This medication should be reviewed for need at each request for reauthorization.
3. Nimodipine only approvable for 21 days after subarachnoid hemorrhage

AR - Hemangeol oral solution: a PA is required for patients over 2 years old
**Cardiovascular Agents: Antiarrhythmics**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 365 Days

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. Has the patient failed a 30-day trial with one medication not requiring prior approval?
Cardiovascular Agents: Lipotropics

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 days all Lipotropics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trial period</th>
<th>30 days for HMG-CoA Reductase Inhibitors, Niacin derivatives, ezetimibe (Zetia), 90 days for Fibrates, and 84 days for ATP Citrate Lyase (ACL) Inhibitors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of non-PA agents</td>
<td>1 medication – The assumption is that the medication must be in the same class of the medication requested, if available, except for HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors- see specific criteria</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
- Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
  - Acceptable reasons include:
    - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
    - Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
      (pravastatin is the only HMG-CoA not metabolized by the cytochrome P450 liver enzyme system)
    - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

ADDITIONAL PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
- If there has been a 30-day trial with no less than two of preferred HMG-CoA products, then a non-preferred HMG-CoA agent can be approved.

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR COLESEVELAM (WELCHOL):
- Colesevelam may be approved as first-line therapy if there is a diagnosis of diabetes
- Will be approved through systematic PA if there is a history of an oral hypoglycemic or insulin in the previous 120 days

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR PCSK9 INHIBITORS
- For Repatha: Age ≥18 years with ASCVD or Age ≥10 years and Familial Hypercholesterolemia (FH) OR for Praluent: Age ≥18 years with ASCVD or FH
AND
- Documented adherence to prescribed lipid lowering medications for previous 90 days

Baseline lab results are required, and approvals will be for 365 days. Subsequent approvals will require additional levels being done to assess changes.

Diagnosis of Familial Hypercholesterolemia (includes Heterozygous [HeFH] and Homozygous [HoFH]) AND must meet all:
1. Unable to reach goal LDL-C (LDL ≤ 100mg/dL for adults or LDL ≤ 110mg/dL for those < 18 years of age) with maximally tolerated dose of statin and ezetimibe (Zetia)
   - A trial of 2 or more high potency statins (atorvastatin or rosuvastatin)
Diagnosis of **Clinical Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease (ASCVD)** **AND** must meet both:

1. History of MI, angina, coronary or other arterial revascularization, stroke, TIA or PVD or atherosclerotic origin
   and
2. Unable to reach goal LDL-C (LDL ≤ 70mg/dL) with maximally tolerated dose of statin and ezetimibe (Zetia)
   o A trial of 2 or more high potency statins (atorvastatin or rosuvastatin)

**ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR ATP Citrate Lyase (ACL) Inhibitor:**

All products in this class require clinical prior authorization:

- Age ≥18 years
- A trial and failure with one PCSK9 inhibitor
- Unable to reach goal LDL-C after a trial of 2 or more statins (one must be atorvastatin) at the maximally tolerated dose
  - Nexlizet (bempedoic acid and ezetimibe tablet) approval requires one of the previous statin trials to be in combination with ezetimibe (Zetia)
  - Documented adherence to prescribed lipid lowering medications for previous 90 days
  - Baseline lab results are required, and approvals will be limited to 84 days initially and then annually thereafter. Subsequent approvals will require additional levels being done to assess changes
  - Lipid profile required at 56 days for HeFH or ASCVD
Cardiovascular Agents: Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension*

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 365 Days

**GRANDFATHERING:**
Patients who have a claim for a non-preferred drug in the previous 120 days will be automatically approved to continue the drug through the automated PA system. Patients who have taken the drug in the previous 120 days, but do not have claims history (e.g. new to Medicaid), will be approved for PA after prescriber contact.

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. Patients who have class 3 or 4 symptoms defined by the NYHA Functional Class for Pulmonary Hypertension may be approved for inhalation or intravenous agents
3. Riociguat (Adempas) may be approved for patients with persistent/recurrent Chronic Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (CTEPH) (WHO Group 4) who have had surgical treatment or have inoperable CTEPH.
4. Has the patient failed a therapeutic trial of at least 30 days with at least two medications, one of which is a Phosphodiesterase-5 Inhibitor, not requiring prior approval?

AR - Sildenafil oral solution: a PA is required for patients over 6 years old
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Alzheimer’s Agents*

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

GRANDFATHERING:
Patients who have a claim for a non-preferred drug in the previous 120 days will be automatically approved to continue the drug through the automated PA system. Patients who have taken the drug in the previous 120 days, but do not have claims history (e.g. new to Medicaid), will be approved for PA after prescriber contact.

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
☐ Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
☐ Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
☐ History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

Has the patient failed a therapeutic trial of at least 30 days with at least two medications not requiring prior approval?
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Anti-Migraine Agents, Acute

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 180 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:

☐ Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   o Allergy to preferred medications
   o Contraindication to all preferred medications
   o History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to at least two preferred medications

☐ STEP THERAPY APPROVAL CRITERIA:
   o For a drug requiring step therapy, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of at least 14 days with at least two medications not requiring prior approval
   o For a non-preferred drug, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of at least 14 days with at least one medication requiring step therapy

Nurtec ODT quantity limit is 8 per 30 days
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Anti-Migraine Agents, Cluster Headache

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 180 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
- Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
  Acceptable reasons include:
  - Allergy to preferred medications
  - Contraindication to all preferred medications
  - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to at least one preferred medication

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR EPISODIC CLUSTER HEADACHE

1. At least 5 attacks within 30 days
2. Attacks characterized by severe or very severe unilateral orbital, supraorbital and/or temporal pain lasting 15 to 180 minutes when untreated; during part (but less than half) of the time-course of cluster headache, attacks may be less severe and/or of shorter or longer duration
3. Patient must have one or more of the following symptoms:
   a) At least one of the following ipsilateral to the headache:
      I. Conjunctival injection and/or lacrimation
      II. Nasal congestion and/or rhinorrhea
      III. Eyelid edema
      IV. Forehead and facial sweating
      V. Miosis and/or ptosis
   b) A sense of restlessness or agitation
4. Attacks have a frequency between one every other day and eight per day; during part (but less than half) of the active time-course of cluster headache, attacks may be less frequent
5. Not better accounted for by another ICHD-3 diagnosis
6. At least two cluster periods lasting from seven days to one year (when untreated) and separated by pain-free remission periods of 90 days or more
7. Failure or intolerance to verapamil titrated at least to a dose of 480 mg daily (may need to be combined with glucocorticoids as adjunctive therapy for more rapid relief until verapamil is titrated)
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:
- Initial Authorization 180 days
- Subsequent Authorizations 365 days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
- Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
  - Acceptable reasons include:
    - Allergy to preferred medications
    - Contraindication to three preferred medications
    - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects/intolerance to at least three preferred medications

STEP THERAPY REQUIRED PREFERRED MEDICATION:
- For a drug requiring step therapy, there must have been inadequate clinical response to a trial of at least 30 days each to at least 3 controller migraine medications or has experienced contraindications or intolerance to them (i.e., beta-blockers, anticonvulsants, tricyclic antidepressants, and/or serotonin-norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors).

NON-PREFERRED MEDICATION:
- For a non-preferred medication drug there must have been inadequate clinical response to a trial of at least 30 days each to at least 3 controller migraine medications or has experienced contraindications or intolerance to them (i.e., beta-blockers, anticonvulsants, tricyclic antidepressants, and/or serotonin-norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors) AND an inadequate clinical response or intolerance to a trial of at least 30 days of one step therapy required preferred medication

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR MIGRAINE PROPHYLAXIS:
1. Patient must have one of the following diagnoses:
   a. Episodic migraine with the following frequencies of migraine:
      i. 4-15 headaches per 30 days measured over 90 consecutive days and headache duration of longer than 4 hours per day or longer during an attack on average.
   b. Chronic migraine with the following frequencies of migraine:
      i. 15 or more headaches per 30 days measured over 90 consecutive days and headache duration of longer than 4 hours per day or longer during an attack on average
2. Prior Authorization may be approved if the patient has failed a trial of at least 30 days each to at least 3 controller migraine medications or has experienced contraindications or intolerance to them (i.e., beta-blockers, anticonvulsants, tricyclic antidepressants, and/or serotonin-norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors).
3. Initial authorization will be limited to 180 days. Re-authorization for 365 days will be allowed based upon evidence of improved headache control (such as headache diary or attestation of ongoing efficacy from provider).
*Aimovig Initial Dose is limited to 70mg once per 30 days; may request dose increase if 70mg fails to provide adequate relief over 60 consecutive days.

* Ajovy 675mg doses (quarterly administration) will not be authorized until patient has demonstrated efficacy of medication for at least 90 days.
# Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Anticonvulsants*

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:**

365 Days

**GRANDFATHERING:**

Patients who have a claim for a non-preferred drug in the previous 120 days will be automatically approved to continue the drug through the automated PA system. Patients who have taken the drug in the previous 120 days, but do not have claims history (e.g. new to Medicaid), will be approved for PA after prescriber contact.

**STEP THERAPY:** all agents listed

1. For a drug requiring step therapy, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 30 days of at least one preferred product.

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a preferred medication?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to two preferred medications
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with two preferred medications
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to two preferred medications

2. If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than two preferred products for a 30-day trial each. Prescriptions submitted with the prescriber NPI of a physician who has registered a neurology specialty with Ohio Medicaid, for products that are used only for seizures, require a trial of one preferred product for 30 days. This provision applies only to the standard tablet/capsule dosage form and does not apply to brand products with available generic alternatives.

**ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR EPIDIOLEX**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:**

- Initial Authorization 180 days
- Subsequent Authorizations 365 days

- Patient has a diagnosis of Lennox-Gastaut syndrome, Dravet syndrome or tuberous sclerosis complex
- Patient has trialed and failed (inadequate seizure control or intolerance) 3 prior anticonvulsant therapies for 30 days each *(Note: not required to be met for a diagnosis of Dravet Syndrome)*
- Prescriber has obtained serum transaminases (ALT and AST) and total bilirubin levels prior to starting therapy
- Prescriber must submit documented average number of seizure days per month (measured monthly or quarterly)
  - Maximum daily dose (QL) not to exceed 20 mg/kg/day (titration based on response/tolerability) for Lennox-Gastaut syndrome or Dravet syndrome and not to exceed 25 mg/kg/day (titration based on response/tolerability) for tuberous sclerosis complex
Epidolex excluded from Grandfathering. Re-authorization requires documented reduction in average number of seizure days per month (measured monthly or quarterly).

**ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR DIACOMIT**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:**

- Initial Authorization 180 days
- Subsequent Authorizations 365 days

- Medication is prescribed by a neurologist or in consultation with a neurologist
- Patient has Dravet Syndrome
- Patient has baseline hematologic testing (CBC)
  - Prescribers must include management plans for patients with neutrophil counts <1500 cells/mm3 or platelet count less than 150,000/µL
- Address any co-morbid conditions
  - Patients with phenylketonuria (PKU) will not be authorized for suspension dosage form without evidence of total daily amount of phenylalanine
- Patient must be concurrently managed with clobazam.
- Dose will be restricted based upon patient weight to 50 mg/kg/day. Requested dose not to exceed 3,000mg/day
- Prescriber must submit documented average number of seizure days per 30 days (measured monthly or quarterly)

Diacomit excluded from Grandfathering. Re-authorization requires documented reduction in average number of seizure days per 30 days (measured monthly or quarterly).

AR - Vigabatrin Powder: a PA is required for patients over 2 years old
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Anticonvulsants Rescue

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a preferred medication? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

AR - Valtoco: a PA is required for patients younger than 6 years old
AR - Nayzilam: a PA is required for patients who are younger than 12 years old
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Antidepressants*

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

GRANDFATHERING:
Patients who have a claim for a non-preferred drug, in the previous 120 days will be automatically approved to continue the drug through the automated PA system. Patients who have taken the drug in the previous 120 days, but do not have claims history (e.g. new to Medicaid), will be approved for PA after prescriber contact.

PSYCHIATRIST EXEMPTION:
Providers (as identified below) are exempt from prior authorization of any non-preferred antidepressant, or step therapy of any preferred brand, in the standard tablet/capsule dosage forms. Other dosage forms may still require prior authorization. The exemption will be processed by the claims system when the pharmacy has submitted the prescriber on the claim using the individual national provider identifier (NPI) for the provider.

FFS: Physicians who are registered with Ohio Medicaid as having a specialty in psychiatry
MCOs: Physicians with a specialty in psychiatry, nurse practitioners certified in psychiatric mental health, or clinical nurse specialists certified in psychiatric mental health, who are credentialed via the Medicaid managed care plan

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a preferred medication? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to preferred medications
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with preferred medications
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to preferred medications
   - For orally disintegrating tablet dosage forms, the patient is unable or unwilling to swallow the standard tablet/capsule dosage form.
   - The requested medication’s corresponding generic (if covered by the state) has been attempted and failed or is contraindicated.
2. If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than two preferred products for a 30-day trial each.
CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM (CNS) AGENTS: ATYPICAL ANTI-PSYCHOTICS*

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

GRANDFATHERING:
Patients who have a claim for a non-preferred drug, or drug requiring step therapy, in the previous 120 days will be automatically approved to continue the drug through the automated PA system. Patients who have taken the drug in the previous 120 days, but do not have claims history (e.g. new to Medicaid), will be approved for PA after prescriber contact.

PSYCHIATRIST EXEMPTION:
Providers (as identified below) are exempt from prior authorization of any non-preferred second-generation antipsychotic, or step therapy of any preferred brand, in the standard tablet/capsule dosage forms. Other dosage forms may still require prior authorization. The exemption will be processed by the claims system when the pharmacy has submitted the prescriber on the claim using the individual national provider identifier (NPI) for the provider.

FFS: Physicians who are registered with Ohio Medicaid as having a specialty in psychiatry
MCOs: Physicians with a specialty in psychiatry, nurse practitioners certified in psychiatric mental health, or clinical nurse specialists certified in psychiatric mental health, who are credentialed via the Medicaid managed care plan

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval.
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

STEP THERAPY:
1. For a drug requiring step therapy, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 30 days of at least one preferred product
2. For a non-preferred drug, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 30 days each of at least two preferred or step therapy products

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR INVEGA HAFYERA ER:
1. Treatment with 4 months of Invega Sustenna or 3 months of Invega Trinza before starting Invega Hafyera.

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR LYBALVI:
1. Patient must not be using opioids.
2. Patient must not be undergoing acute opioid withdrawal.
ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR AGENTS FOR PARKINSON’S DISEASE PSYCHOSIS (NUPLAZID):
Pimavanserin (Nuplazid) may be approved if all the following are met:
1. Patient is diagnosed with Parkinson’s disease and has psychotic symptoms (hallucinations and/or delusions) that started after Parkinson’s diagnosis
2. These psychotic symptoms are severe and frequent enough to warrant treatment with an antipsychotic AND are not related to dementia or delirium
3. The patient’s other medications for Parkinson’s Disease have been reduce or adjusted and psychotic symptoms remain OR patient is unable to tolerate adjustment of these other medications
4. There has been inadequate clinical response to a trial of no less than 30 days of either quetiapine or clozapine OR these therapies cannot be utilized
5. An exemption to the criteria will be granted for prescribing doctors with a neurology specialty to a patient with a history of an anti-Parkinson’s agent

OTHER APPROVAL CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a preferred medication? Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to preferred medications
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with preferred medications
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to preferred medications
- For orally disintegrating tablet dosage forms, the patient is unable or unwilling to swallow the standard tablet/capsule dosage form.
- The requested medication’s corresponding generic (if covered by the state) has been attempted and failed or is contraindicated.
- Lurasidone (pregnancy category B) may be approved if a patient is pregnant
- Abilify Mycite will be restricted to prescribing by a psychiatrist following an aripiprazole serum blood level draw indicating need for further investigation of adherence.

ANTIPSYCHOTICS, SECOND GENERATION and SSRI COMBINATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NO PA REQUIRED “PREFERRED”</th>
<th>STEP THERAPY REQUIRED “PREFERRED”</th>
<th>PA REQUIRED “NON-PREFERRED”</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A trial of no less than 30 days each of at least two preferred second-generation oral antipsychotics or step therapy products</td>
<td>FLUOXETINE/OLANZAPINE (generic of Symbyax®)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Long-Acting Injectable Antipsychotics may be billed by the pharmacy if they are not dispensed directly to the patient. If not administered by the pharmacist, the drug must be released only to the administering provider or administering provider’s staff, following all regulations for a Prescription Pick-Up Station as described by the Ohio Board of Pharmacy.
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder Agents

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

Short Acting products considered separately from Long-Acting products

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   □ Allergy to at least two medications not requiring prior approval
   □ Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   □ History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to at least two medications not requiring prior approval
   □ Has the patient failed a therapeutic trial of at least 14 days with at least two medications not requiring prior approval?

STEP THERAPY:
1. For a drug requiring step therapy, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 30 days of at least two preferred products.

   Note: Patients on non-preferred therapies are not required to obtain prior authorization for the use of their product until after June 30th, 2022. Providers may obtain prior authorization before June 30th, 2022.

AR - Dextroamphetamine Solution: a PA is required for patients over 12 years old
AR - Methylphenidate Solution: a PA is required for patients over 12 years old

Ohio Medicaid Unified PDL effective April 15, 2022
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Fibromyalgia Agents

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to at least two medications in different classes (see below) not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to at least two medications in different classes (see below) not requiring prior approval
2. Non-preferred medications will be approved for fibromyalgia after trial of agents from no less than two of the following drug classes for at least 14 days each in the past 90 days (guidelines suggest use of multiple agents concurrently to manage the signs of fibromyalgia):
   - Gabapentin
   - Pregabalin
   - Short- and/or long-acting opioids**
   - Skeletal muscle relaxants
   - SNRIs
   - SSRIs
   - Trazodone
   - Tricyclic antidepressants

** The P&T Committee does not recommend the use of opioids for treatment of fibromyalgia
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Medication Assisted Treatment of Opioid Addiction

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: No PA required for short-acting, buprenorphine containing, oral agents
30 days for initial authorization of injectable not to exceed 180 days for subsequent authorizations of injectable; length depending upon patient status and compliance to treatment plan
14-day authorization for Lucemyra® (lofexidine)

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

Criteria for Lucemyra (lofexidine)

- Indicated for Opioid Withdrawal, must meet all the following criteria:
  - Diagnosis of opioid dependence or opioid use disorder
  - Age ≥ 18 years
  - Patient is currently undergoing or is scheduled to undergo abrupt opioid discontinuation
  - Medical justification supports why an opioid taper (such as with buprenorphine or methadone) cannot be used
  - Does the patient meet one or more of the following criteria:
    - Therapeutic failure of clonidine due to intolerable adverse effects or inability to reach maximal doses of clonidine due to adverse effects
    - Documented history of intolerance to clonidine (ex: hypotension, bradycardia)
    - Contraindication to clonidine as specified in FDA labeling
    - Lofexidine has already been initiated in an inpatient setting
  - Dose will not exceed 2.88 mg (16 tablets) per day

Prescribing for buprenorphine products must follow the requirements of Ohio Administrative Code rule 4731-33-03 Office based treatment for opioid addiction.

BUPRENOPHINE SAFETY EDITS AND DRUG UTILIZATION REVIEW CRITERIA:
In favor of eliminating prior authorization for all forms of oral short-acting buprenorphine-containing products, ODM and the Managed Care Plans will implement safety edits and a retrospective drug utilization review process for all brand and generic forms of oral short-acting buprenorphine-containing products.
Buprenorphine SL tablets (Generic of Subutex) Use restricted to pregnancy or breastfeeding; or contraindication to preferred products.

Vivitrol may be billed by the pharmacy if it is not dispensed directly to the patient. If not administered by the pharmacist, the drug must be released only to the administering provider or administering provider’s staff, following all regulations for a Prescription Pick-Up Station as described by the Ohio Board of Pharmacy.

**Sublocade Drug Utilization Review Criteria:**
- Dosing schedule will be limited to 300mg/30 days.

**Additional Sublocade Information**
Sublocade may be billed by the pharmacy if it is not dispensed directly to the patient. If not administered at the pharmacy, the drug must be released only to the administering provider or administering provider’s staff, following all applicable regulations.
### Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Movement Disorders

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 365 Days

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

**ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR THE TREATMENT OF TARDIVE DYSKINESIA:**
Prescribed by a Neurologist or Psychiatrist
Ingrezza is ONLY indicated for the treatment of Tardive Dyskinesia

**ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR AUSTEDO FOR THE TREATMENT OF HUNTINGTON’S DISEASE:**
The patient must have a failure to respond to maximally tolerated dose of tetrabenazine

Austedo quantity limit of 4 tablets per day
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Multiple Sclerosis*

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

GRANDFATHERING:
Patients who have a claim for a non-preferred drug in the previous 120 days will be automatically approved to continue the drug through the automated PA system. Patients who have taken the drug in the previous 120 days, but do not have claims history (e.g. new to Medicaid), will be approved for PA after prescriber contact.

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   ☐ Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   ☐ Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   ☐ History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. The requested medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 30-day trial on at least one medication not requiring prior approval.

Additional Mayzent Requirements: Must review liver function tests (LFTS) complete blood count (CBC), ophthalmic examination, varicella zoster virus antibodies, and electrocardiogram (ECG) prior to initiation. Must confirm patient is not CYP2C9*3*3 genotype. Dose limited to 2mg/day.
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Narcolepsy

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindications to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

NON-PREFERRED MEDICATION:
- For non-preferred drugs without medication specific criteria, there must have been an inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 30 days each of at least two preferred products

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
- Sunosi (soriamfetol)
  - Diagnosis of narcolepsy with excessive daytime sleepiness or obstructive sleep apnea with excessive daytime sleepiness AND
  - An inadequate response to or inability to tolerate a 30-day course of treatment with modafinil or armodafinil AND
  - An inadequate response to or inability to tolerate a 30-day course of treatment with a preferred methylphenidate or amphetamine product
- Wakix (pitolisant), Xyrem (sodium oxybate)
  - Diagnosis of narcolepsy with excessive daytime sleepiness AND
  - An inadequate response to or inability to tolerate a 30-day course of treatment with modafinil or armodafinil AND
  - An inadequate response to or inability to tolerate a 30-day course of treatment with a preferred methylphenidate or amphetamine product OR
  - Diagnosis of narcolepsy with cataplexy
- Xywav (calcium, magnesium, potassium & sodium oxybates)
  - Diagnosis of narcolepsy with excessive daytime sleepiness AND
  - An inadequate response to or inability to tolerate a 30-day course of treatment with modafinil or armodafinil AND
  - An inadequate response to or inability to tolerate a 30-day course of treatment with a preferred methylphenidate or amphetamine product AND
  - Sodium restriction with documented adherence to sodium restricted diet OR
  - Diagnosis of narcolepsy with cataplexy AND
  - Sodium restriction with documented adherence to sodium restricted diet

REAUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Attestation that the patient’s condition has improved while taking the requested medication
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Neuropathic Pain

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:

Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:

- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- The requested medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 30-day trial of at least two medications in separate pharmacologic classes not requiring prior authorization
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Parkinson's Agents

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 365 Days

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**

Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:

- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

The requested medication may be approved if both of the following are true:

1. If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 30-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval
2. The requested medication’s corresponding generic (if covered by the state) has been attempted and failed or is contraindicated.
3. Neupro may be approved if the patient is unable to swallow.
4. Requests for Apokyn, Inbrija, Kynmobi and Nourianz must have documentation of a trial of at least one other medication for the treatment of “off episodes” (dopamine agonist, COMT inhibitor, or MAO-B inhibitor).
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Restless Legs Syndrome

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
The requested medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 30-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval.
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Sedative-Hypnotics, Non-Barbiturate

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 180 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. The requested medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 10-day trial of at least two medications not requiring prior approval
3. If the prescriber indicates the patient has a history of addiction, then may approve a requested non-controlled medication.
4. The P&T Committee does not recommend use of flurazepam (Dalmane) or triazolam (Halcion)
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Skeletal Muscle Relaxants, Non-Benzodiazepine

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. Has there been a 30-day trial with an agent not requiring prior approval?

Clinical criteria must be met for Soma/Carisoprodol products—approvable only if no other muscle relaxant or agent to treat fibromyalgia, or any musculoskeletal condition, would serve the clinical needs of the patient.
Central Nervous System (CNS) Agents: Smoking Deterrents

All products are covered without a PA
Dermatological: Topical Acne Products

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
- Inadequate response to no less than a 30-day trial of at least three (3) medications not requiring prior approval

CLINICAL CRITERIA:
AR- All topical retinoids require prior authorization for patients age 24 years and older:
- Patient diagnosis psoriasis – may approve tazarotene (Tazorac)
- Patient diagnosis acne vulgaris – may approve retinoid if the patient has a history of at least 30 days of therapy with alternative therapy (benzoyl peroxide, sodium sulfacetamide or antibiotic) in the previous 90 days
- Patient diagnosis skin cancer – may approve retinoid
Endocrine Agents: Androgens

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval.
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

All products within this category require submission of lab work to support the need for testosterone supplementation.

The requested medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 90-day trial of all medications not requiring prior approval.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Use limited to FDA approved indications in those 18 years and older.
Endocrine Agents: Diabetes – Hypoglycemia Treatments

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval within the same class and formulation? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

PA REQUIRED NON-PREFERRED:
A non-preferred medication will be approved after a trial with a preferred medication not requiring prior approval or the inability of the member and/or caregiver to administer a preferred glucagon product in a timely fashion.

Quantity limit of 2 per 34 days
Endocrine Agents: Diabetes – Insulin

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Condition is difficult to control (i.e. prone to ketoacidosis, hypoglycemia)
2. For a medication requiring step therapy, there must have been an inadequate clinical response to at least one preferred medication within the same class not requiring prior authorization. A therapeutic failure is the inability to reach A1C goal after at least 120 days of current regimen with documented adherence and appropriate dose escalation.
3. The requested non-preferred medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure to at least two medications within the same class not requiring prior authorization. A therapeutic failure is the inability to reach A1C goal after at least 120 days of current regimen with documented adherence and appropriate dose escalation.

ADDITIONAL CLINICAL CRITERIA FOR INHALED INSULIN:
- Patient has a claim for a long-acting insulin in the previous 120 days, or patient has type 2 diabetes; and
- Patient has not been diagnosed with asthma or COPD; and
- Spirometry shows FEV1 > / = 70% predicted; and
- Patient has not smoked for at least 180 days
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication within the same class not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

NON-PREFERRED:
1. There must have been a therapeutic failure of at least 60-day trial and failure with three preferred products

   Note: Inadequate clinical response after at least 60 days of recommended therapeutic dose with documented adherence to the regimen.

DIABETES – ORAL HYPOGLYCEMICS, SODIUM-GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER 2 (SGLT2) INHIBITOR AND DPP-4 COMBINATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PREFERRED</th>
<th>NON-PREFERRED</th>
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<tr>
<td>No less than 90 days of at least one preferred DPP-4 and SGLT product</td>
<td>GLYXAMBI (empagliflozin/ linagliptin)</td>
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<td>QTERN (dapaglifozin-saxagliptin)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>STEGLUJAN™ (ertugliflozin/sitagliptin)</td>
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Soliqul and Xultophy Request must address inability to use the individual components.
Endocrine Agents: Endometriosis

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   □ Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   □ Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   □ History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

STEP THERAPY:
For a drug requiring step therapy, there must have been a therapeutic failure of at least a 30-day trial with both a NSAID and an oral contraceptive

NON-PREFERRED:
There must have been a therapeutic failure of at least a 30-day trial with both a NSAID and an oral contraceptive and a trial and a therapeutic failure of no less than 90 days on at least one step therapy required “preferred”
### Endocrine Agents: Estrogenic Agents

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 365 Days

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. The requested medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure of at least **two trials of 30 days each** with medications not requiring prior approval
Endocrine Agents: Progestin Agents

All products are covered without a PA
Endocrine Agents: Growth Hormone

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: Varies as listed below.

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval.
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

NOTE:
- All products in this class require clinical prior authorization
- Must be treated and followed by a pediatric endocrinologist, pediatric nephrologist, clinical geneticist, endocrinologist or gastroenterologist (as appropriate for diagnosis)
- All information and documentation requested on the prior authorization form to justify criteria being met, including height, weight, bone age (children), date of most current x-ray, stimulus test results, IGF-1 levels and a growth chart (children) must be supplied.
- The requested medication may be approved if the following is true:
  - If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 90-day trial of at least one preferred medication

CLINICAL CRITERIA
Children - initial approval for the following diagnoses:

1. Growth Hormone Deficiency (GHD) – 180-day approval:
   1) Standard deviation of 2.0 or more below mean height for chronological age; AND
   2) No expanding intracranial lesion or tumor diagnosed; AND
   3) Growth rate is:
      1. Below five (5) centimeters per year; OR
      2. Below ten (10) centimeters per year in children under 3 years of age; OR
      3. Below ten (10) centimeters per year during puberty AND
   4) Failure of any two stimuli test to raise the serum growth hormone level above 10 nanograms/milliliter; AND
   5) Epiphyses must be open; AND
   6) Bone age 15-16 years or less in females and 16-17 years or less in males
   7) Females with bone age >16 and males with bone age >17 may be approved for maintenance therapy (approval for 365 days) upon request by an endocrinologist. (Maintenance dose is typically 50% of dose used to improve height)

2. Growth Retardation of Chronic Kidney Disease – 365-day approval:
   1) Standard deviation of 2.0 or more below mean height for chronological age; AND
   2) No expanding intracranial lesion or tumor diagnosed; AND
   3) Growth rate below five (5) centimeters per year; AND
   4) Irreversible renal insufficiency with a glomerular filtration rate less than 75 ml/min per 1.73m² but pre-renal transplant; AND
   5) Bone age 14-15 years or less in females and 15-16 years or less in males; AND
6) Epiphyses open.
3. Genetic diagnosis – 365-day approval:
   1) One of the following:
      1. Krause-Kivlin Syndrome; or
      2. Turner Syndrome; or
      3. Prader-Willi Syndrome; or
      4. Noonan Syndrome
   2) Bone age between 14-15 years; AND
   3) Epiphyses open; AND
   4) Growth rate below five (5) centimeters per year
4. Neurosecretory Growth Retardation – 180-day approval
   1) Standard deviation of 2.0 or more below mean height for chronological age; AND
   2) No expanding intracranial lesion or tumor diagnosed; AND
   3) Growth rate below five (5) centimeters per year; AND
   4) Bone age 14-15 years or less in females and 15-16 years or less in males; AND
   5) Epiphyses open; AND
   6) Mixed or normal response to any two (2) stimuli test in raising serum growth hormone above 10 nanograms/milliliter.
5. Idiopathic Short Stature – 180-day approval
   1) A standard deviation of 2.25 or more below mean height for chronological age; AND
   2) No expanding intracranial lesion or tumor diagnosed; AND
   3) Growth rate is below five (5) centimeters per year; AND
   4) Bone age is 14-15 years or less in females and 15-16 years or less in males and epiphyses are open; AND
   5) A mixed or normal response to any two stimuli tests in raising serum growth hormone above 10 nanograms/milliliter; AND
   6) The child is proportionally shorter than the predicted rate of growth from the parent’s height; AND
   7) Requests must come from a pediatric endocrinologist.
6. Small for Gestational Age (SGA) – 365-day approval
   1) Request must come from a pediatric endocrinologist; AND
   2) Documentation to support diagnosis defined as birth weight or length 2 or more standard deviations below the mean for gestational age.
   3) Child fails to manifest catch up growth before 2 years of age, defined as height 2 or more standard deviations below the mean for age and gender.
   4) Note: Review must include evaluation of growth curves from birth

Reauthorization: The patient health status has improved since last approval (weight gain, improved body composition) 1-year approval

Adults - initial approval for 180 days:
Adult patients with growth hormone deficiency may be approved for replacement of endogenous growth hormone upon documentation of medical necessity from an endocrinologist. Requests will be
reviewed and approved based upon the following conditions:
  1) Childhood Onset - Patients who were growth hormone deficient during childhood and who have a continued deficiency which is confirmed by provocative testing.
  2) Adult Onset - Patients who have growth hormone deficiency, either alone or with multiple pituitary hormone deficiencies, such as hypopituitarism, as a result of pituitary disease, surgery, hypothalamic disease, radiation therapy, or trauma.
Criteria for Approval for both conditions listed above:
  1) Biochemical diagnosis of growth hormone deficiency by means of a negative response to an appropriate stimulation test ordered by the endocrinologist (Clonidine test is not acceptable for adults.); AND
  2) No evidence of malignancy or other contraindication; AND
  3) Other hormonal deficiencies addressed with adequate replacement therapy; AND
  4) Base-line evaluation of the following clinical indicators
     a. Insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1)-also required following dosage change
     b. Fasting lipid profile
     c. BUN
     d. Fasting glucose
     e. Electrolyte levels
     f. Evaluation of any new osteoarthritis and joint pain
     g. Bone density test
   Maximum dose – less than or equal to 0.025mg/kg daily (up 35 years of age)
   Maximum dose – less than or equal to 0.0125mg/kg daily (35 years of age or older)
Reauthorization: documentation by endocrinologist that for the indication, discontinuing GH would have a detrimental effect on body composition or other metabolic parameters 1-year approval
Endocrine Agents: Osteoporosis – Bone Ossification Enhancers

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. The requested medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 90-day trial of at least one preferred medication within the same class of the requested medication

CRITICAL INFORMATION
Patients should only be on ONE of the therapeutic classes (bisphosphonates, calcitonin-salmon).

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR ABALOPARATIDE (TYMLOS™)
Abaloparatide is indicated in postmenopausal women with osteoporosis at high risk for fracture.
   1. Patient is female and postmenopausal
   2. Diagnosis of osteoporosis
   3. Trial of bisphosphonates for greater than 365 days
   4. Total lifetime therapy of parathyroid hormone analogs does not exceed 730 days (2 years)
**Endocrine Agents: Uterine Fibroids**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 180 Days

Patients who have been treated with Oriahnn or Myfembree for 720 days or more are not eligible for additional authorizations.

Patients who have been treated with Lupron Depot for 180 days or more are not eligible for additional authorizations.

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. The requested medication may be approved if the patient has a diagnosis of uterine leiomyomas (fibroids) and has failed a 90 day or more trial with an oral contraceptive.
**Gastrointestinal Agents: Anti-Emetics**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:**

365 Days

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. The requested medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 7-day trial on at least one medication not requiring prior approval.
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

For a non-preferred agent, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 30 days each of at least two preferred products.
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medication not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medication not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medication not requiring prior approval

STEP THERAPY: all agents listed
1. For a drug requiring step therapy, there must have been inadequate clinical response to a preferred alternative
2. XIFAXAN requires a diagnosis of hepatic encephalopathy and may be approved for monotherapy or add on therapy if there has been a therapeutic failure (defined as a recurrent episode) while on lactulose
Gastrointestinal Agents: Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS) with Diarrhea

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
☐ Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
☐ Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
☐ History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

STEP THERAPY: all agents listed
1. For a drug requiring step therapy, there must have been inadequate clinical response to a preferred alternative
2. For a non-preferred drug, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 14-days of at least one step therapy product
Gastrointestinal Agents: Pancreatic Enzymes

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
The requested medication may be approved if the following is true:
- If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 14-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval
Gastrointestinal Agents: Proton Pump Inhibitors

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 180 days, except as listed under clinical criteria

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - Presence of a gastrostomy and/or jejunostomy tube (G-, GJ-, J-tube)
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 30 days trial of at least two medications not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.
3. If a medication requiring prior approval was initiated in the hospital for the treatment of a condition such as a Gi bleed, may approve the requested medication.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
- No PA needed for preferred PPI at once-daily dosing
- No PA needed for preferred PPI at any dose for age under 21
- Must have therapeutic failure on preferred agent before PA of non-preferred

CLINICAL CRITERIA FOR PPI DOSES GREATER THAN ONCE DAILY
1. For diagnosis of H. Pylori, BID dosing may be authorized for 30 days
2. For diagnosis of COPD, Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Gastroparesis, Symptomatic Uncomplicated Barrett’s Esophagus, Carcinoma of GI tract, Crest Syndrome, Esophageal Varices, Scleroderma, Systemic Mastocytosis, Zollinger Ellison Syndrome:
   - Length of authorization: 365 days
   - Criteria for approval: Must have failed QD dosing

AR - Protonix Pak: a PA is required for patients over 6 years old
AR - Protonix Suspension: a PA is required for patients over 6 years old
Gastrointestinal Agents: Ulcerative Colitis

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
1. Ulcerative Colitis Agents are available in both oral (IR, ER) and rectal (enema, suppository) formulations. Patients with mild or moderate disease may be treated with either rectal or oral agents.
2. The efficacy among the different 5-ASA derivatives appears to be comparable.

For a non-preferred agent, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 30 days each of at least two preferred products.

Budesonide ER 9mg tablet quantity limit of 56 tablets per 90 days.
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

STEP THERAPY: all agents listed
1. For a drug requiring step therapy, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including no less than a 14-day trial of at least two medications not requiring prior approval
2. For a non-preferred drug, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including no less than 14-day trial of at least three preferred products including one step therapy product

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:
1. Patient must be 18 years or older
2. ZORBTIVE and GATTEX require a diagnosis of short bowel syndrome (SBS) and evidence of specialize nutritional support
   a. GATTEX requires evidence of parenteral nutrition support at least three times per 7 days and appropriate colonoscopy and lab assessment (bilirubin, alkaline phosphatase, lipase, and amylase) 180 days prior to initiation
   b. Re-authorization of these therapies requires evidence of improved condition (i.e. as measured by total volume, total calories, or decreased frequency of specialized nutrition support)
3. MYTIESI requires a diagnosis of non-infectious diarrhea and evidence of concurrent HIV antiviral therapy
   a. MYTIESI will be limited to no more than 2 tablets per day
4. RELISTOR and SYMPROIC require a history of chronic pain requiring continuous opioid therapy for 84 days or longer. Electronic PA will approve with a history of 90 days of opioid therapy in the previous 90 days, in addition to trials of preferred products
5. AEMCOLO initial approval criteria for Travelers’ Diarrhea (TD) (must meet all):
   a. Diagnosis of TD
   b. Inability to take, or failure of, any of the following:
      o Azithromycin (generic Zithromax)
      o Ciprofloxacin (generic Cipro)
      o Levofloxacin (generic Levaquin)
      o Ofloxacin (generic Floxin)
      o Xifaxan (rifaximin)
   c. Approval duration is 3 days
Genitourinary Agents: Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindications to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. Patient must have a therapeutic failure to no less than a 30-day trial on at least two medications that are preferred.

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL OF TADALAFIL (CIALIS):
Patient must have diagnosis of benign prostatic hyperplasia and have a therapeutic failure to no less than a 30-day trial on at least one alpha-1 adrenergic blocker and a 90-day trial of finasteride.
Genitourinary Agents: Electrolyte Depleter Agents

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval.
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

NON-PREFERRED AGENT:
For a non-preferred agent, there must have been an inadequate clinical response during a trial of no less than 7 days of at least two preferred medications

CLINICAL INFORMATION
Calcium acetate products may lead to hypercalcemia. This agent is recommended in patients with normal serum calcium levels.
Genitourinary Agents: Urinary Antispasmodics

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval.
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

1. Patients under age 18 may be approved for tolterodine SR if there was inadequate clinical response to a trial of no less than 30 days of oxybutynin (IR or ER).
2. The requested non-preferred medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure to a trial of no less than 30 days of at least two preferred medications with different active ingredients not requiring a prior authorization

AR – Vesicare LS: PA is not required for patients 2-5 years of age.

AR – Myrbetriq Sol: PA is not required for patients that are 3-5 years of age.
Immunomodulator Agents for Systemic Inflammatory Disease

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: Dependent on diagnosis

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:

- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval.
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

All products in this class require Clinical Prior Authorization:

- No current infection; and
- Prior first-generation therapy appropriate for diagnosis; and
- Diagnosis of one of the following: 365 days approval
  - Rheumatoid Arthritis
  - Plaque Psoriasis
  - Psoriatic Arthritis
  - Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
  - Crohn's Disease
  - Ankylosing Spondylitis
  - Psoriasis
  - Uveitis
  - Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndrome
  - Giant Cell Arteritis
  - Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Diagnosis of Moderate to Severe Ulcerative Colitis (UC) (Humira, Simponi, and Xeljanz only): initial approval 56 days, reapprovals 365 days
  Humira may be approved if there is an inadequate clinical response to at least 90 days of therapy with both 5-ASA and immunosuppressants.
  Initial approval for Humira will be for 56 days. If clinical response is not seen in 56 days, further therapy with TNF inhibitors will not be approved. If there is an initial clinical response to Humira after 56 days of therapy, but no improvement in the progression of ulcerative colitis symptoms after 180 days, Simponi or Xeljanz may be approved.
  - Quantity limits for UC diagnosis:
    - Humira – 7 pens/syringes during the first 30 days, then 2 pens/syringes per 30 days
    - Simponi – 3 pens/syringes during the first 30 days, then 1 pen/syringe per 30 days
    - Xeljanz – 60 pills per 30 days

Ohio Medicaid Unified PDL effective April 15, 2022
**STEP THERAPY:**
1. For a drug requiring step therapy, there must have been inadequate clinical response to a preferred alternative, including a trial of no less than 30 days of at least one preferred TNF inhibitor.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**
The requested non-preferred medication may be approved if the following is true:
- If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 90-day trial of at least two preferred medications
- For patients with a diagnosis of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis receiving phototherapy, initial authorization for Humira or Enbrel will only be approved if there is inadequate clinical response to at least 90 days of phototherapy.
Infectious Disease Agents: Antibiotics – Cephalosporins

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: Date of service only; no refills

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. If the infection is caused by an organism resistant to medications not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.
   - Note diagnosis and any culture and sensitivity reports

3. If there have been therapeutic failures to no less than a 3-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO AID IN THE FINAL DECISION

If the patient is completing a course of therapy with a medication requiring prior approval, which was initiated in the hospital, then may approve the requested medication to complete the course of therapy.

AR - Cefaclor Suspension: a PA is required for patients over 12 years old
AR - Cefixime Suspension: a PA is required for patients over 12 years old
AR - Cefprozil Suspension: a PA is required for patients over 12 years old
AR - Suprax Chewable Tablet: a PA is required for patients over 12 years old
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: Date of service only; no refills

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. If the infection is caused by an organism resistant to medications not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.
   - Note diagnosis and any culture and sensitivity reports
3. If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 3-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO AID IN THE FINAL DECISION
If the patient is completing a course of therapy with a medication requiring prior approval, which was initiated in the hospital, then may approve the requested medication to complete the course of therapy.
Infectious Disease Agents: Antibiotics – Quinolones

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: For the date of service only; no refills

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. If the infection is caused by an organism resistant to medications not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.
3. If there has been a therapeutic failure to at least a 3-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO AID IN THE FINAL DECISION
1. If the patient is completing a course of therapy with a medication requiring prior approval, which was initiated in the hospital, then may approve the requested medication to complete the course of therapy.
2. If the prescriber expresses concern over safety issues of a preferred agent, a non-preferred agent may be approved.

AR - Ciprofloxacin Suspension: a PA is required for patients over 12 years old
Infectious Disease Agents: Antibiotics – Inhaled

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 28 days

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
- Diagnosis of cystic fibrosis with pseudomonas-related infection
- Age limit of 6 and older for tobramycin products
- Age limit of 7 and older for aztreonam
- “Pulse” dosing cycles of 28 days on drug, followed by 28 days off drug

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**
The requested medication may be approved if the following is true:
- If there has been no less than a 28-day trial of at least one preferred medication

**ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR AMIKACIN**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:**
- Initial authorization 180 days
- Subsequent authorizations 365 days

1. Clinical criteria for initial authorization:
   - Diagnosis of *Mycobacterium avium* complex (MAC) lung disease; and
   - Patient has not achieved negative sputum cultures after a minimum of 180 consecutive days of a multidrug background regimen therapy (e.g. macrolide, rifampin, & ethambutol)

2. Criteria for subsequent authorizations
   - Evidence of culture conversion (negative sputum culture)

3. Dose will be limited to 1 dose per day
**Infectious Disease Agents: Antibiotics – Tetracyclines**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** for the date of service only; no refills

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. If the infection is caused by an organism resistant to medications not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.
   - Note diagnosis and any culture and sensitivity reports

3. If there have been therapeutic failures to no less than a 3-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO AID IN THE FINAL DECISION**

If the patient is completing a course of therapy with a medication requiring prior approval, which was initiated in the hospital, then may approve the requested medication to complete the course of therapy.

AR - Vibramycin Suspension: a PA is required for patients over 12 years old

**ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR OMAZACYLINE**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 14 Days

1. Clinical criteria for initial authorization:
   - Diagnosis of Community-Acquired Bacterial Pneumonia (CABP) with prior failure of other first line agent OR
   - Diagnosis of Acute Bacterial Skin and Skin Structure Infection (ABSSSI) with prior failure of other first line agent

2) Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

3) If the infection is caused by an organism resistant to medications not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.
   - Note diagnosis and any culture and sensitivity reports

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO AID IN THE FINAL DECISION**

If the patient is completing a course of therapy with a medication requiring prior approval, which was initiated in the hospital, then may approve the requested medication to complete the course of therapy.
**Infectious Disease Agents: Antifungals**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** For the duration of the prescription (up to 180 days)

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval:
     - Drug interactions (inhibition of CYP450 system) Ketoconazole > Itraconazole > Voriconazole
     > Fluconazole
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. If the patient has a serious illness that causes them to be immunocompromised [i.e. AIDS, cancer, organ (solid or non-solid) transplant] then may approve the requested medication.
3. If there have been therapeutic failures to no less than a 7-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO AID IN THE FINAL DECISION**
1. If the patient is completing a course of therapy with a medication requiring prior approval, which was initiated in the hospital or other similar location, or if the patient has just become Medicaid eligible and is already on a course of treatment with a medication requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.
2. If the request is for a diagnosis other than fungal infection, please refer the case to a pharmacist. An off-label use may be approvable for a medication such as Nizoral for advanced prostate cancer or for Cushing’s Syndrome when standard treatments have failed.
Infectious Disease Agents: Antivirals – Hepatitis C Agents

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:**
365 days except simeprevir and direct acting antivirals (DAAs), see below

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**

Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication within the same class that does not require prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:

- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
- Patients established on current therapy with prior payer (i.e. Commercial, Fee-for-Service, Managed Care Plan, etc).

**ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR DAAs:**

All HCV DAAs require clinical prior authorization. Only regimens recommended by the American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases (AASLD) will be approved.

Please see the [Hepatitis C Direct Acting Antiviral Prior Authorization Form](#) for criteria and the most recent regimens recommended by the American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases (AASLD)

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO AID IN THE FINAL DECISION**

- Pegylated Interferons have a Black Box Warning which indicates that a patient should be monitored closely with periodic clinical and laboratory evaluations.
- Ribavirins are contraindicated in women who are pregnant and in their male partner(s). At least two reliable forms of contraception must be used during therapy.
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: For the duration of the prescription (up to 180 days)

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. If there has been a therapeutic failure to at least a 3-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.
Infectious Disease Agents: Antivirals – HIV*

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

GRANDFATHERING:
Patients who have a claim for a non-preferred drug in the previous 120 days will be automatically approved to continue the drug through the automated PA system. Patients who have taken the drug in the previous 120 days, but do not have claims history (e.g. new to Medicaid), will be approved for PA after prescriber contact.

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
1. Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
2. Contraindication to recommended regimens not requiring prior approval
3. History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
4. Has the patient had a therapeutic trial of at least 30 days with at least one medication not requiring prior approval? If applicable, the request must address the inability to use the individual components.

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR RUKOBIA ER
1. Patient has been diagnosed with multidrug-resistant HIV-1 infection

Symtuza request must document clinical justification for patient inability to use the individual components (Prezcobix and Descovy)

AR - Isentress chewable tablet: a PA is required for patients over 11 years old
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 30 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. For a non-preferred drug, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 14 days each of at least two preferred products
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: For the date of service only; no refills for acute infection. Refills for up to 14 days may be authorized for quinolones only for patients undergoing surgery.

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. If the infection is caused by an organism resistant to medications not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.
   - Note diagnosis and any culture and sensitivity reports

3. For a non-preferred agent, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 3 days each of at least two preferred products
Ophthamlic Agents: Antihistamines & Mast Cell Stabilizers

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindications to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. Patient must have a therapeutic failure to at least 14 days of one of the preferred agents.
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days for Cequa, Restasis Trays, Restasis Multi-Dose and Xiidra
  14 Days for Eysuvis

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
  ☐ Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
  ☐ Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval.
  ☐ History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

All drugs in this class require step therapy: Patient must have a claim for an artificial tear or
OTC dry eye drop in the previous 120 days.
LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:

- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindications to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

STEP THERAPY:
1. For a product requiring step therapy, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives for glaucoma, including a trial of no less than 30 days of at least one preferred product
2. For a non-preferred agent for glaucoma, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 30 days each of at least two preferred or step therapy products
Ophthalmic Agents: NSAIDs

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:**
For the date of service only; no refills for acute use.
Refills for up to 14 days may be authorized for patients undergoing surgery.

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**
The requested medication may be approved if both of the following are true:
1. If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 3-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval
2. The requested medication’s corresponding generic (if covered by the state) has been attempted and failed or is contraindicated.
Otic Agents: Antibacterial and Antibacterial/Steroid Combinations

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: For the date of service only; no refills for acute infection.

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. If the infection is caused by an organism resistant to medications not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.
   - Note diagnosis and any culture and sensitivity reports

The requested medication may be approved if both of the following are true:
   - If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 7-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval
   - The requested medication’s corresponding generic (if covered by the state) has been attempted and failed or is contraindicated.
Respiratory Agents: Antihistamines – Second Generation

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. If there have been therapeutic failures after courses of treatment (e.g., 30 days for allergic rhinitis) with medication not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
- Fexofenadine is indicated for patients 6 years of age and older
- Loratadine is indicated for patients 2 years of age and older
- Cetirizine and desloratadine are indicated for patients 6 months of age and older
Respiratory Agents: Cystic Fibrosis

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:
Initial authorization 90 days
Subsequent authorization 365 days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval.
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

INITIAL AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA FOR BRONCHITOL, KALYDECO, ORKAMBI, SYMDEKO AND TRIKAFTA:
1. Patient must meet all the following criteria:
   - Diagnosis of cystic fibrosis
   - The prescriber is, or has consulted with a pulmonologist or infectious disease specialist
   - Patient meets the FDA-approved age minimum for the requested medication

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR BRONCHITOL
- Bronchitol must be used as an add-on maintenance therapy
- Patients must have passed the Bronchitol Tolerance Test

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR KALYDECO, ORKAMBI, SYMDEKO AND TRIKAFTA
- Patient has documentation (must include with PA request) of the genetic mutation(s) that the FDA approved the requested medication to treat

Reauthorization Criteria:
Patient may be approved for reauthorization if they meet all the following criteria:
- Patient must meet all initial criteria
- Patient’s adherence to medication is confirmed by claim history
- Chart notes submitted with stabilization OR improvement of FEV1 AND with one or more of the following:
  - Stabilization or improvement of weight gain
  - Stabilization or improvement in sweat chloride
  - Decrease in the number of pulmonary exacerbations or their severity
  - Decrease in the number or severity of pulmonary infections
  - Decrease in the number of hospitalizations
  - Increased Cystic Fibrosis Questionnaire-Revised (CFQ-R) respiratory domain score
  - Other documentation by the physician clearly explaining the ongoing benefit of continuing the drug based on stated and documented objective evidence of improvement or a clear stabilization in a previous decline in one of the above parameters
Respiratory Agents: Epinephrine Auto-Injectors

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:

Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Intolerance to medication(s) not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medication(s) not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medication(s) not requiring prior approval

The requested medication may be approved if there has been therapeutic failure using the product(s) not requiring prior approval.
Respiratory Agents: Hereditary Angioedema

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days
All products in this class require clinical prior authorization:
- Diagnosis of hereditary angioedema
- History of recurrent angioedema (without urticaria) within the past 180 days
- History of recurrent episodes of abdominal pain and vomiting within the past 180 days
- History of laryngeal edema within the past 180 days
- Positive family history of angioedema

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
The requested medication may be approved if the following is true:
- There has been one episode of angioedema during use of a preferred medication
Respiratory Agents: Inhaled Agents

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 365 Days

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval within the same class and formulation? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. The requested medication may be approved if there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 14-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval within the same class and formulation (must try two medications if anticholinergic).

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO AID IN THE FINAL PA DECISION - GLUCOCORTICOIDS**
If there have been therapeutic failures to no less than 30-day trials of at least two medications not requiring prior approval, then may approve the requested medication.

Requested medication may be approved if the patient is:
- Under 13 years old and is unable to use an inhaler not requiring prior approval
- Disabled and unable to use a preferred inhaler
- Non-compliant on a preferred inhaler due to taste, dry mouth, or infection
- Clinically unstable, as defined in current guidelines in terms of oral steroid use or patient’s current symptomatology

AR - Albuterol Nebulizer Solution 0.42mg/ml, 0.63mg/ml: a PA is required for patients over 12 years
AR - Budesonide Nebulizer Solution: a PA is required for patients over 6 years
**Respiratory Agents: Leukotriene Receptor Modifiers & Inhibitors**

**LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS:** 365 Days

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:**

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

2. For a product requiring step therapy, there must have been therapeutic failure to a 90-day trial of a preferred alternative.

3. For a non-preferred product, there must have been a therapeutic failure to a 90-day trial of two preferred agents.
Respiratory Agents: Monoclonal Antibodies-Anti-IL/Anti-IgE

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

Clinical Criteria for Asthma

- Indicated for **moderate to severe asthma** if:
  - Prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist/immunologist or pulmonologist
  - Preferred medications will be approved for patients with uncontrolled eosinophilic asthma symptoms and/or exacerbations despite at least 30 days adherence to therapy with:
    - Medium dose preferred ICS/LABA inhaler (patients 6-11 years old) – Nucala only
    - Medium dose preferred ICS/LABA inhaler with tiotropium or high dose preferred ICS/LABA inhaler (patients 12 years and older) – Nucala or Fasenra
  - Non-preferred medications will be approved for patients with uncontrolled eosinophilic asthma symptoms and/or exacerbations despite at least 90 days adherence to therapy with a preferred agent

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR DUPILUMAB (DUPIXENT)

- Indicated for **moderate to severe atopic dermatitis** if:
  - Patient has minimum body surface area (BSA) involvement of at least 10%
  - Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or allergist/immunologist
  - Patient is 6 years of age or older
  - Patient has had inadequate response or contraindication to two of the following: topical corticosteroids, topical calcineurin inhibitors [e.g. Elidel], or topical PDE-4 inhibitors [e.g. Eucrissa™] unless atopic dermatitis is severe and involves greater than 25% of BSA.
  - Initial authorization is limited to 112 days with re-authorization of up to 365 days granted following demonstration of improvement in patient condition with therapy (e.g. reduced BSA affected).

- Indicated for **chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis** if:
  - Patient is 18 years of age or older
  - Patient had an inadequate response, intolerance or contraindication to one oral corticosteroid
  - Patient had a 30-day trial and experienced an inadequate response, intolerance or contraindication to one nasal corticosteroid spray

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA FOR OMALIZUMAB (XOLAIR)

- Indicated for **chronic urticaria** if:
  - Patient has tried and failed two 14-day trials with two different antihistamines
  - Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or allergist/immunologist
  - Prescribed in accordance with its FDA approved labeling
Indicated for **chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis** if:

- Patient is 18 years of age or older
- Patient had an inadequate response, intolerance or contraindication to one oral corticosteroid
- Patient had a 30-day trial and experienced an inadequate response, intolerance or contraindication to one nasal corticosteroid spray
Respiratory Agents: Nasal Preparations

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to or drug-to-drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval.
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval
2. For a non-preferred drug, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 30 days each of at least two preferred or step therapy products
Respiratory Agents: Other Agents

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365-day approval; Daliresp evaluated with each refill

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Daliresp must be used with a long-acting beta agonist or long-acting muscarinic antagonists
Topical Agents: Antifungals

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: Duration of the prescription (up to 180 days)

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
   Acceptable reasons include:
   □ Allergy to at least two medications not requiring prior approval
   □ Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   □ History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to at least two medications not requiring prior approval
2. Is the infection caused or presumed to be caused by an organism resistant to medications not requiring prior approval?
3. Has the patient failed therapeutic trials of 14 days with two medications not requiring prior approval?
Topical Agents: Antiparasitics

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 14 Days

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
The requested medication may be approved if the following is true:
- If there has been a therapeutic failure to no less than a 30-day trial of at least one medication not requiring prior approval
- The requested medication’s corresponding generic (if covered by the state) has been attempted and failed or is contraindicated.

INDICATIONS AS APPROVED BY FDA
- Benzyl alcohol lotion is indicated for patients 6 months of age and older
- Crotamiton is indicated for adults
- Ivermectin is indicated for age 6 months and older
- Lindane lotion and shampoo are indicated only in patients who cannot tolerate or who have failed other treatments. The P&T Committee does not recommend use of lindane.
- Malathion is indicated for patients 6 years of age and older
- Permethrin cream and lotion are indicated for patients 2 months of age and older
- Spinosad is indicated for patients 6 months of age and older
- Package labeling does not list age for permethrin or piperonyl butoxide-pyrethrins
## Topical Agents: Corticosteroids

| LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: | 365 days for low and medium potency  
90 days for high and very high potency |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|

### PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA:

1. Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval? Acceptable reasons include:
   - Allergy to at least two medications not requiring prior approval
   - Contraindication to all medications not requiring prior approval
   - History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to at least two medications not requiring prior approval

2. Has the patient failed therapeutic trials of 14 days with two medications not requiring prior approval in the same category?
Topical Agents: Immunomodulators

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATIONS: 365 Days

STEP THERAPY:
1. For a product requiring step therapy, there must have been an inadequate clinical response to no less than two 30-day trials of topical corticosteroids
2. For a non-preferred medication, there must have been inadequate clinical response to preferred alternatives, including a trial of no less than 30 days of the preferred medication

OTHER APPROVAL CRITERIA:
Is there any reason the patient cannot be changed to a medication not requiring prior approval?
Acceptable reasons include:
- Allergy to medications not requiring prior approval
- Contraindication to or drug interaction with medications not requiring prior approval
- History of unacceptable/toxic side effects to medications not requiring prior approval

CLINICAL INFORMATION
- Indicated for short-term and intermittent long-term treatment of atopic dermatitis if:
  - Alternative, conventional therapies (such as topical corticosteroids) are deemed inadvisable because of potential risks, or
  - There has been inadequate response or intolerance to alternative, conventional therapies (such as topical corticosteroids)
- Elidel and Protopic 0.03% are indicated in patients 2 years old or older. Protopic 0.1% is indicated in adults only.
- Opzelura is contraindicated for use in immunocompromised patients

AR - pimecrolimus and tacrolimus: a PA is required for patients younger than 2 years old